detection of estrus. If estrus is not observed, treated animals may be inseminated either once at 72 hours post injection or twice at 72 and 96 hours post injection.

- (2) Double cloprostenol injection. Give cattle a second injection 11 days after the first injection. Estrus should occur 2 to 5 days after the second injection, and cattle should be inseminated at the usual time relative to the detection of estrus. If estrus is not observed, treated animals may be inseminated either once at about 72 hours post injection or twice at 72 and 96 hours following the second injection.
- (b) Single cloprostenol injection for terminating unwanted pregnancies from mismatings from 1 week after mating until 5 months after conception, or for treating unobserved (nondetected) estrus, mummified fetus, and luteal cysts.
- (c) Single cloprostenol injection for the treatment of pyometra.
- (iii) Do not administer to pregnant animals where the calf is not to be aborted.
- (iv) Women of childbearing age, asthmatics, and persons with bronchial and other respiratory problems should exercise extreme caution when handling this product. Cloprostenol is readily absorbed through the skin and may cause abortion and/or bronchiospasms. Accidental spillage on the skin should be washed off immediately with soap and water.
- (v) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (b)(1) Specifications. Each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution contains 131.5 micrograms of cloprostenol sodium (equivalent to 125 micrograms of cloprostenol).
- (2) *Sponsor*. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (3) Special considerations. Labeling shall bear the statements prescribed in paragraphs (a)(3) (iii) and (iv) of this section.
- (4) Conditions of use—(i) Amount. 3 milliliters (equivalent to 375 micrograms of cloprostenol) intramuscularly per animal as a single dose.
- (ii) Indications for use. To induce abortion in pregnant feedlot heifers

from 1 week after mating until $4\frac{1}{2}$ months of gestation.

(iii) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[47 FR 4678, Feb. 2, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 15619, Apr. 12, 1983; 49 FR 5100, Feb. 10, 1984; 49 FR 29957, July 25, 1984; 65 FR 6892, Feb. 11, 20001

§ 522.468 Colistimethate sodium powder for injection.

- (a) Specifications. Each vial contains colistimethate sodium equivalent to 10 grams colistin activity and mannitol to be reconstituted with 62.5 milliliters sterile saline or sterile water for injection. The resulting solution contains colistimethate sodium equivalent to 133 milligrams per milliliter colistin activity.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
 - (c) [Reserved]
- (d) Conditions of use. (1) 1- to 3-day-old chickens.
- (i) Dosage. 0.2 milligram collistin activity per chicken.
- (ii) Indications for use. Control of early mortality associated with Escherichia coli organisms susceptible to colistin.
- (iii) Limitations. For subcutaneous injection in the neck of 1- to 3-day-old chickens. Not for use in laying hens producing eggs for human consumption. Do not use in turkeys. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
 - (2) [Reserved]

[63 FR 13123, Mar. 18, 1998]

§ 522.480 Repository corticotropin injection.

- (a)(1) Specifications. The drug conforms to repository corticotropin injection U.S.P. It contains 40 or 80 U.S.C. (I.U.) units per cubic centimeter.
- (2) *Sponsor*. See No. 037990 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (3) Special considerations. The drug should be refrigerated. With prolonged use supplement daily diet with potassium chloride at one gram for small animals and from 5 to 10 grams for large animals.
- (4) Conditions of use. (i) It is used as an intramuscular or subcutaneous injection in cattle and small animals for